

Rule 7. Pleadings allowed; motions, memoranda, hearings, orders, objection to commissioner's order.

(a) Pleadings. There shall be a complaint and an answer; a reply to a counterclaim; an answer to a cross claim, if the answer contains a cross claim; a third party complaint, if a person who was not an original party is summoned under the provisions of Rule 14; and a third party answer, if a third party complaint is served. No other pleading shall be allowed, except that the court may order a reply to an answer or a third party answer.

(b) Motions. An application to the court for an order shall be by motion which, unless made during a hearing or trial or in proceedings before a court commissioner, shall be made in accordance with this rule. A motion shall be in writing and state succinctly and with particularity the relief sought and the grounds for the relief sought.

(c) Memoranda.

(c)(1) Memoranda required, exceptions, filing times. All motions, except uncontested or ex parte motions, shall be accompanied by a supporting memorandum. Within ten days after service of the motion and supporting memorandum, a party opposing the motion shall file a memorandum in opposition. Within five days after service of the memorandum in opposition, the moving party may file a reply memorandum, which shall be limited to rebuttal of matters raised in the memorandum in opposition. No other memoranda will be considered without leave of court. A party may attach a proposed order to its initial memorandum.

(c)(2) Length. Memoranda-Initial memoranda shall not exceed the following 10 pages of argument without leave of the court~~;~~. Reply memoranda shall not exceed 5 pages of argument without leave of the court.

~~(c)(2)(A) initial memorandum supporting or opposing a motion other than a motion for summary judgment: 10 pages;~~

~~(c)(2)(B) initial memorandum supporting or opposing a motion for summary judgment: 25 pages;~~

~~(c)(2)(C) reply to memorandum opposing a motion other than a motion for summary judgment: 5 pages; and~~

~~(c)(2)(D) reply to memorandum opposing a motion for summary judgment: 10 pages.~~

The court may permit a party to file an over-length memorandum upon ex parte application and a showing of good cause.

(c)(3) Content.

(c)(3)(A) A memorandum supporting a motion for summary judgment shall contain a statement of material facts as to which the moving party contends no genuine issue exists. Each fact shall be separately stated and numbered and supported by citation to relevant materials, such as affidavits or discovery materials. Each fact set forth in the moving party's memorandum is deemed admitted for the purpose of summary judgment unless controverted by the responding party.

(c)(3)(B) A memorandum opposing a motion for summary judgment shall contain a verbatim restatement of each of the moving party's facts that is controverted, and may contain a separate statement of additional facts in dispute. For each of the moving party's facts that is controverted, the opposing party shall provide an explanation of the grounds for any dispute, supported by citation to relevant materials, such as affidavits or discovery materials. For any additional facts set forth in the opposing memorandum, each fact shall be separately stated and numbered and supported by citation to supporting materials, such as affidavits or discovery materials.

(c)(3)(C) A memorandum with more than 10 pages of argument shall contain a table of contents and a table of authorities with page references.

(c)(3)(D) A party may attach as exhibits to a memorandum relevant portions of documents cited in the memorandum, such as affidavits or discovery materials.

(d) Request to submit for decision. When briefing is complete, either party may file a "Request to Submit for Decision." The request to submit for decision shall state the date on which the motion was served, the date the opposing memorandum, if any, was served, the date the reply memorandum, if any, was served, and whether a hearing has been requested. If no party files a request, the motion will not be submitted for decision.

(e) Hearings. The court may hold a hearing on any motion. A party may request a hearing in the motion, in a memorandum or in the request to submit for decision. A request for hearing shall be separately identified in the caption of the document containing the request. The court shall grant a request for a hearing on a motion under Rule 56 or a motion that would dispose of the action or any claim or defense in the action unless the court finds that the motion or opposition to the motion is frivolous or the issue has been authoritatively decided.

(f) Orders.

(f)(1) An order includes every direction of the court, including a minute order entered in writing, not included in a judgment. An order for the payment of money may be enforced in the same manner as if it were a judgment. Except as otherwise provided by these rules, any order made without notice to the adverse party may be vacated or modified by the judge who made it with or without notice. Orders shall state whether they are entered upon trial, stipulation, motion or the court's initiative.

(f)(2) Unless the court approves the proposed order submitted with an initial memorandum, or unless otherwise directed by the court, the prevailing party shall, within fifteen days after the court's decision, file-serve upon the other parties a proposed order in conformity with the court's decision. Objections to the proposed order shall be filed within five days after service. The party preparing the order shall file the proposed order upon being served with an objection or upon expiration of the time to object.

(g) Objection to court commissioner's ~~order recommendation~~. A ~~recommended order recommendation~~ of a court commissioner is the order of the court until modified by the court. A party may object to the ~~recommended order of a court commissioner recommendation~~ by filing an objection in the same manner as filing a motion within ten days after the ~~recommended order is entered~~ recommendation is made in open court or, if the court commissioner takes the matter under advisement, ten days after the minute entry of the recommendation is served. A party may respond to the objection in the same manner as responding to a motion.

Advisory Committee Note. Paragraph (f) applies to all orders, not just orders upon motion.